





Policy Recommendations

through technical exchange and shared experience, drawn some common conclusions. These are presented together here as policy recommendations to local, regional, national and European authorities.

PERIURBAN Parks - Improving Environmental Conditions in Suburban Areas

peri-urban areas, their features and assets as well as their potential.

In order to:

- Improve socio-economic conditions in often degraded suburban areas of European cities and contain
- Promote societal well-being, especially in an urban context, where environmental conditions tend to correlate directly to public health
- worse by climate change
- context

mentioned objectives as they are essential elements of LANDSCAPE and GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE.

And that:

they can provide basic services for the city and its residents', such as:

- water and flood risk prevention),
- spaces for relaxation)
- soil development for necessary urban functions, drinking water protection and provision),
- local history and nature, tourism...)
- vibrant global image of the settlement context.



















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texts.



It is deemed that the following recommendations should be taken into consideration

Preserve natural and rural periurban areas as essential elements of the sustainable

Promote the creation of multifunctional peri-urban parks, capable of achieving

ecological, social and economic objectives. Support and enhance existing peri-urban

Put in place management structures, including constitution of a managing partnership

Connect Periurban spaces with surrounding areas as a key part of a network of green infrastructure, to ensure that they are not islands in the metropolitan environment

Connect the Periurban park /space with urban areas to ensure accessibility for all

Promote a **European periurban label** that acknowledges the social, environmental

and economic role of these Periurban parks/spaces in urban and metropolitan con

by local, regional, national and European authorities:

Integrate peri-urban spaces into spatial planning

or body and set up financial and legislative tools

parks, and restore degraded ones

members of the population

concept of a city and/or region and/or a metropolitan area







Partners from an INTERREG IVC Project, together with two EU networks focused on periurban areas have,

FEDENATUR - network of exchanges between periurban site managers on a European scale

PURPLE - a network of regions raising awareness and understanding of Europe's complex and crowded

- urban sprawl
- Reduce environmental risks, including floods and the impact of the urban heat island effect, being made
- Enhance biodiversity, often strongly reduced in urban and peri-urban areas
- Offer free recreational alternatives for leisure and new job opportunities in the current difficult economic

Considering that:

Natural and rural spaces located in peri-urban areas, with the right support and management, can fulfill the above

- regulatory services (carbon sequestration, mitigating urban heat island effect, cleaner air, storing flood
- health and well-being services (cleaner air, space for practicing open air sports on a daily basis, quiet
- nature and biodiversity services (habitats for fauna and flora, cultivation and breeding of local and
- provision of goods and services (direct food and fibre production, agriculture, community food prodution,
- cultural services (cultural heritage protection and promotion, leisure activities, enhanced awareness about
- socio-economic services (enhancement of identity and sense of belonging, agriculture, local food markets, forestry, sports, restaurants and activities related to ecotourism)
- as well as offering an attractive recreational place for city dwellers and contributing to a positive and







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Florence, 25th October 2012









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